

RECEIVED  
CENTRAL FAX CENTER

FEB 06 2007

IN THE CLAIMS

1-7. (Canceled)

8. (Original) A method for updating a forwarding database, comprising:

forming a hierarchical tree structure of the forwarding database by splitting N number of prefixes within the database into a number of sub-databases bounded by  $N/T$  and  $2N/T+1$ , wherein each sub-database has no more than T number of prefixes, with T being less than N;

modifying the hierarchical tree structure in accordance with one or more update operations; and

updating a portion of the forwarding database to reflect modifications made to the hierarchical tree structure, wherein the updated portion corresponds to only those sub-databases affected by the update operations.

9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein said forming comprises, beginning with the most significant bit of the N number of prefixes, repeatedly splitting the N number of prefixes into a plurality of nodes extending between and including a root node and a plurality of leaf nodes, and wherein each of the plurality of leaf nodes corresponds to one of the sub-databases.

10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein said modifying comprises performing the update operations on one or more of the plurality of leaf nodes, wherein the update operations are selected from a group comprising: adding a new prefix to the forwarding database, deleting an existing prefix from the forwarding database and modifying an existing prefix in the forwarding database.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein said modifying comprises no further steps.

12. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein said modifying further comprises one or more of the following steps:

splitting a leaf node, which has been modified to include more than T number of prefixes, into at least one additional pair of leaf nodes, each having less than T number of prefixes; and

merging a leaf node, which has been modified or split to include fewer than a minimum number of prefixes, with a parent node arranged closer to the root node than the leaf node having fewer than the minimum number of prefixes.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein said merging is performed only if:

the total number of nodes in the hierarchical tree structure is equal to or greater than  $2N/T+1$ ; or

the total number of nodes in the hierarchical tree structure falls within a predetermined range of values immediately preceding and/or encompassing the value represented by  $2N/T+1$ ; or

a predetermined time period has passed, in which no merging was performed.

14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein said merging further comprises repeatedly merging the leaf node and the parent node up towards the root node, if the number of prefixes within the leaf node, the parent node and any subsequently merged parent nodes remains less than the minimum number of prefixes.

15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12, wherein said merging is performed only if no other node exists below the parent node that can be paired with the leaf node, such that the combined number of prefixes within the leaf node and the other node is greater than  $T$ .

16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 15, wherein said merging is performed no more than one time.

17. (Previously Presented) A lookup table stored in a computer-readable storage medium and construed in accordance with the method as recited in claim 8.

18. (Previously Presented) A computer or application specific integrated circuit (ASIC) residing within a forwarding device, a line card of an input/output port of the forwarding device, or a switch fabric of the forwarding device, for executing the method as recited in claim 8.

19. (Previously Presented) A computer readable storage medium, comprising:

a forwarding database comprising N number of prefixes split among a plurality of sub-databases, wherein each sub-database initially includes less than T number of prefixes, with T being less than N; and

an updating program that, when executed upon a processor:

- (1) modifies a hierarchical tree structure in accordance with one or more update operations, wherein prior to execution of the updating program, the hierarchical tree structure included a number of branches extending from a root node to a plurality of leaf nodes, and wherein each of the plurality of leaf nodes corresponds to one of the plurality of sub-databases; and
- (2) updates a portion of the forwarding database to reflect modifications made to the hierarchical tree structure, wherein the updated portion corresponds to only those sub-databases affected by the update operations.

20. (Previously Presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 19, wherein the computer readable storage medium is directly coupled to, or incorporated within, the processor, and wherein at least a portion of the sub-database at each leaf node is contained within respective portions of the computer readable storage medium.

21. (Previously Presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 20, wherein the computer readable storage medium comprises random access memory (DRAM or SRAM).

22. (Previously Presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 20, wherein the updating program is stored within the computer readable storage medium, along with the forwarding database, or within a memory structure indirectly coupled to the processor.

23. (Previously Presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 22, wherein a copy of the forwarding database is stored within the memory structure.

24. (Previously Presented) The computer readable storage medium of claim 20, wherein the memory

structure comprises one or more of a random access memory (DRAM or SRAM), a content-addressable memory (CAM or TCAM), or a network search engine (NSE).